Decadal Agromet Bulletin of Pakistan



Highlights....

- Light to moderate rainfall reported in the agricultural plains of Punjab, K.P, Balochistan, G.B & Kashmir however dry weather reported in agriculture plains of Sindh during the last decade.
- Highest amount of rainfall reported 131.0 mm at Malam Jabba during the last decade.
- Highest Maximum temperature recorded 45.0°C at Turbat during the last decade.
- Rain/thunderstorm is expected in most of the agricultural plains of the country from 22nd to 31st of the decade.
- Pest/viral attacks are expected over cotton and sugarcane crops during hot and humid conditions during monsoon. Farmers should be very careful and take in time precautionary measures in this regard.
- Farmers obtaining crop water through tube wells are advised to schedule the irrigation according to the expected weather mentioned during the decade.
- Farmers are advised to control further weeds growth at the present growing stages to stop any negative impact over the crops. Weeds removing practices should be started soon after expected rains in the mentioned.
- Farmers are advised to take in time precautionary measures to protect their crops, livestock and other property from any expected heavy rains.

NATIONAL AGROMET CENTRE (NAMC) PAKISTAN METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT SECTOR H-8/2, ISLAMABAD

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3rd Decade of August, 2016

Sr. No.	Station	Precip	itation (n	Air Temperature (°C)			Soil Temperatures (°C)						R.H	Sunshine	Wind	ETo	
		Normal	Actual	Dep	Tmax Dep	Tmin Dep	Mean	5cm	10cm	20cm	30cm	50cm	100cm	(%)	Duration(hours)	Speed (km/hr)	(mm/day)
1	Rawalpindi	10.5	6.8	-3.7	2.9	0.7	29.8	32.4	31.2	30.0	29.7	29.8	29.6	64	99.2	2.8	5.3
2	Faisalabad	4.1	0.0	-4.1	0.7	0.6	32.1	39.1	37.5	35.0	***	33.2	32.7	60	83.7	4.3	5.5
3	Jhelum	7.3	5.0	-2.3	1.3	-0.1	31.3	35.8	34.0	32.2	31.1	31.3	***	65	103.1	2.5	5.4
4	Lahore	4.0	63.3	59.3	-0.1	-2.3	30.3	32.9	32.6	31.4	30.9	***	30.3	69	53.8	2.2	4.0
5	Sargodha	4.0	1.0	-3.0	-0.5	-0.3	31.7	34.9	33.6	32.0	31.3	31.1	30.4	65	76.7	2.8	4.9
6	Multan	0.8	1.6	0.8	-0.2	0.0	32.8	***	***	***	***	***	***	59	78.4	4.5	5.4
7	Khanpur	1.0	0.0	-1.0	0.9	-0.1	33.0	***	37.1	37.1	37.1	37.2	35.8	62	90.8	5.4	6.0
8	Tandojam	1.5	0.0	-1.5	0.9	-1.0	30.2	44.0	39.8	33.5	33.2	33.0	***	66	89.0	15.0	6.9
9	Sakrand	2.0	0.0	-2.0	1.2	2.3	32.7	48.9	41.7	***	***	***	36.3	59	103.0	6.8	6.7
11	Rohri	0.4	0.0	-0.4	1.2	***	40.0	***	***	***	***	***	***	53	102.0	3.6	6.3
12	D.I Khan	1.9	41.0	39.1	-0.4	-1.1	31.1	***	***	***	***	***	***	65	85.4	***	5.9
13	Peshawar	1.4	9.0	7.6	0.9	-1.1	30.9	35.8	33.5	32.1	***	***	***	65	77.1	5.1	5.2
14	Usta .M	1.2	0.0	-1.2	-2.1	0.5	31.9	***	***	***	***	***	***	61	***	6.6	4.5
15	Quetta	0.0	0.1	0.1	-1.8	-0.3	26.0	37.6	34.4	29.9	29.1	27.7	29.4	29	104.2	5.7	6.1
16	Skardu	0.5	0.1	-0.4	-0.5	0.5	23.1	***	***	***	***	***	***	42	59.9	3.6	4.3
17	Gilgit	0.5	3.1	2.6	-2.0	0.4	24.0	***	***	***	***	***	***	51	69.5	4.9	4.7

Meteorological conditions during 2nd decade of August, 2016

 Table-1: Meteorological parameters for selected station of Pakistan. "Dep" in the table stands for difference from climatic normal, i.e. actual value minus normal. And "% Dep "is calculated by the formula; Dep divided by

 Normal multiplied by 100. Tmin & Tmax stands for minimum and maximum temperatures respectively. ETo stands for reference crop evapotranspiration. *** stands for no data and 🔆) indicates the station with five

 years climatic (normal) data for computing departures.

Graph at RAMCs during August, 2016





1 Past Weather (11th to 20th August, 2016)

Light to moderate rainfall reported in the agricultural plains of Punjab, K.P, Balochistan, G.B & Kashmir however dry weather reported in agriculture plains of Sindh during the last decade.

1.1 Punjab

Light to moderate rainfall reported in the agricultural plains of Punjab. Chief amount of rainfall received in Kasur, Noorpur Thal & Bhakkar. Decadal maximum raised above normal by 0.7°C & minimum dropped below normal by 0.2°C, in the province. Whereas mean values of relative humidity, sunshine hour, wind speed & ETo were recorded as 63%, 83.7hrs, 3.5km/hr and 5.2mm/day respectively.

1.2 Sindh

Dry weather reported in the agricultural plains of Sindh. Decadal maximum and minimum temperature both raised above normal by 1.1°C & decadal minimum dropped below normal by 0.7°C respectively, in the province. Whereas mean values of relative humidity, sunshine hour, wind speed & ETo were recorded as 59%, 98.0hrs, 8.5km/hr and 6.6mm/day respectively.

1.3 Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KP)

Light to moderate rainfall reported in the agricultural plains of KP. Chief amount of rainfall received in Malam jabba, Balakot & Risalpur. Decadal maximum raised above normal by 0.3°C & minimum dropped below normal by 1.1°C, in the province. Whereas mean values of relative humidity, sunshine hour, wind speed & ETo were recorded as 65%, 81.3hrs, 5.1km/hr and 5.6mm/day respectively.

1.4 Balochistan

Light to moderate rainfall reported in few agricultural plains of Balochistan. Chief amount of rainfall received in Barkhan & Zhob. Decadal maximum dropped below normal by 2.0°C & minimum raised above normal by 0.4°C, in the province. Whereas mean values of relative humidity, sunshine hour, wind speed & ETo were recorded as 45%, 104.2hrs, 6.2km/hr and 5.3mm/day respectively.

1.5 Gilgit-Baltistan and Azad Jammu & Kashmir

Light to moderate rainfall reported in the agricultural plains of GB & Kashmir. Chief amount of rainfall received Garhi dopatta, Rawalakot & Muzaffarabad. Decadal maximum dropped below normal by 1.1°C & minimum temperature raised above normal by 0.4°C in the province. Whereas mean values of relative humidity, sunshine hour, wind speed & ETo were recorded as 47%, 64.7hrs, 4.3km/hr and 4.5mm/day respectively.



II. Departure of rainfall from Normal



III. Departure of rainfall from Previous Decade

Figure.1: Rainfall distribution during previous decade in "mm"

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3rd Decade of August, 2016

2(a) <u>Past Weather for Major Agricultural Plains</u> (11th to 20th August, 2016)

2.1 RAMC, Rawalpindi (Potohar region)

Rainfall reported as 6.8mm during the decade; however weather remained cloudy for 08days. Average relative humidity recorded as 64%. Mean day temperature was 35.4° C while night temperature recorded as 24.2° C with 99.2hours bright sunshine duration. Wind speed recorded as 2.8km/hr with mean wind direction *westerly Maize:* Good condition, 9th leaf stage.

2.2 RAMC, Faisalabad (Central Punjab)

Dry weather reported during the decade; however weather remained cloudy for 10days. Average relative humidity recorded as 60%. Mean day temperature was 37.3° C while night temperature recorded as 26.9°C with 83.7hours bright sunshine duration. Wind speed recorded as 4.3km/hr with mean wind direction west*erly*.

Cotton: Very good condition, boll opening stage.

2.3 RAMC, Tandojam (Lower Sindh)

Dry weather reported during the decade; however weather remained cloudy for 04days. Average relative humidity recorded as 66%. Mean day temperature was 35.9°C while night temperature recorded as 24.4°C with 89.0hours bright sunshine duration. Wind speed recorded as 15.0km/h with mean wind direction *south westerly*.

Cotton (Star-2): Good condition, Boll opening stage.

2.4 RAMC, Usta Muhammad (Eastern Balochistan)

Dry weather reported during the decade; however weather remained clear throughout the decade. Average relative humidity recorded as 61%. Mean day temperature was 37.1°C while night temperature recorded as 26.6°C. Wind speed recorded as 2.6km/h with mean wind direction *south easterly*

Rice: Third leaf complete.

2.5 RAMC, Quetta (Northern Balochistan)

Rainfall reported as Trace (not measureable) during the decade; however weather remained cloudy for 09days. Average relative humidity recorded as 29%. Mean day temperature was 33.1°C while night temperature recorded as 18.8°C with 104.2hours bright sunshine duration. Wind speed recorded as 5.7km/hr with mean wind direction *north westerly*.



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2(b) Past Weather for Sub-Regional Agricultural Plains (11th to 20th August, 2016) 2.6 Jhelum

Rainfall reported as 5.0mm during the decade; however weather remained cloudy for 10days. Average relative humidity recorded as 65%. Mean day temperature was 36.5°C while night temperature recorded as 26.0°C with 103.1hours bright sunshine duration. Wind speed recorded 2.5km/hr with wind direction *south westerly*.

2.7 Lahore

Rainfall reported as 63.3mm during the decade; however weather remained cloudy for 10days. Average relative humidity recorded as 69%. Mean day temperature was 34.9°C while night temperature recorded as 25.7°C with 53.8hours bright sunshine duration. Wind speed recorded as 2.2km/hr with mean wind direction *south easterly*.

2.8 Sargodha

Rainfall reported as 1.0mm during the decade; however weather remained cloudy for 10days. Average relative humidity recorded as 65%. Mean day temperature was 36.6° C while night temperature recorded as 26.8° C with 76.7hours bright sunshine duration. Wind speed recorded 2.8km/hr with mean wind direction *north easterly*.

2.9 Multan

Rainfall reported as 1.6mm during the decade; however weather remained cloudy for 10days. Average relative humidity recorded as 59%. Mean day temperature was 37.2°C while night temperature recorded as 28.4°C with 78.4hours bright sunshine duration. Wind speed recorded 4.5km/hr with mean wind direction *south westerly*.

2.10 Khanpur

Dry weather reported during the decade. However sky remained cloudy for 05days. Average relative humidity recorded as 62%. Mean day temperature was 38.3°C while night temperature recorded as 27.6°C with 90.8hours bright sunshine duration. Wind speed recorded 5.4km/hr with mean wind direction *south westerly*.

2.11 Sakrand

Dry weather reported during the decade; however weather remains cloudy for 05days. Average relative humidity recorded as 59%. Mean day temperature was 38.0°C while night temperature recorded as 27.3°C with 103.2hours bright sunshine duration. Wind speed recorded 3.7km/hr with wind direction *south easterly*.



Figure.3: Relative Humidity in Percentage (%)



Figure.4: Reference Crop Evapotranspiration "ETo" in mm/day



Figure 5: Wind Speed in kilometer per hour (km/h)

2.12 Rohri

Dry weather reported during the decade; however weather remained cloudy for 02days. Average relative humidity recorded as 53%. Mean day temperature was recorded as 40.0°C with 102.0hours bright sunshine duration. Wind speed recorded as 3.6km/hr with mean wind direction *north westerly*.

2.13 D.I. Khan

Rainfall reported as 41.0mm during the decade; however weather remains cloudy for 06days. Average relative humidity recorded as 65%. Mean day temperature was 37.2°C while night temperature recorded as 24.9°C with 85.4hours bright sunshine duration..

2.14 Peshawar

Rainfall reported as 9.0mm during the decade; however weather remained cloudy for 09days. Average relative humidity recorded as 65%. Mean day temperature was 36.6°C while night temperature recorded as 25.2°C with 77.1hours bright sunshine duration. Wind speed recorded as 5.1km/hr with mean wind direction *north easterly*.

2.15 Skardu

Rainfall reported as Trace (not measureable) during the decade; however weather remained cloudy for 10days. Average relative humidity recorded as 42%. Mean day temperature was 30.1° C while night temperature recorded as 16.0° C with 59.9hours bright sunshine duration. Wind speed recorded as 3.6km/hr with mean wind direction *south easterly*.

2.16 Gilgit

Rainfall reported as 3.1mm during the decade; however weather remained cloudy for 10days. Average relative humidity recorded as 51%. Mean day temperature was 31.3° C while night temperature recorded as 16.7° C with 69.5hours bright sunshine duration. Wind speed recorded as 4.9km/hr with mean wind direction *south westerly*.

3 <u>Ten Days Weather Advisory for Farmers</u> (21st to 31st August, 2016) 3.1 Temperature Forecast

Temperatures are likely to be normal in most of the agricultural plains of the country during the decade.

3.2 Wind Forecast

Normal wind pattern may prevail in most of the agricultural plains of the country during the decade.

3.3 <u>Rain Forecast</u>

- Punjab: Rain-thunderstorm is expected at isolated places in upper Punjab, Rawalpindi, Gujranwala, Sargodha, and Faisalabad from 24th to 31st of the decade.
- Khyber Pakhtunkhwa: Rain-thunderstorm is expected at scattered places in Khyber-Pakhtunkhwa, Mardan, Malakand, Hazara and Peshawar Division from 23rd to 31st of the decade.
- Sindh: Mainly hot and dry weather is expected in most parts of the province with the possibility of light rain along Sindh coastal belt. Light rainfall is expected at isolated places including Hyderabad, Karachi, Mirpur Khas and Larkana divisions from 23rd to 28th of the decade.
- Balochistan: Mainly hot and dry weather is expected in most parts of Balochistan, however light rainfall is expected at isolated places in Quetta, Kalat, Sibbi & Zhob divisions from 25th to 28th of the decade.
- Gilgit Baltistan: Rain-thunderstorm is expected at isolated places in GB during the decade.
- Kashmir: Rain-thunderstorm is expected at isolated places including Muzaffarabad, Kotli, Neelum & Rawalakot from 25th to 31st of August.

3.4 Advisory for Farmers

- Pest/viral attacks are expected over cotton and sugarcane crops during hot and humid conditions during monsoon. Farmers should be very careful and take in time precautionary measures in this regard.
- Farmers obtaining crop water through tube wells are advised to schedule the irrigation according to the expected weather mentioned during the decade.
- Farmers are advised to control further weeds growth at the present growing stages to stop any negative impact over the crops. Weeds removing practices should be started soon after expected rains in the mentioned.
- Farmers are advised to take in time precautionary measures to protect their crops, livestock and other property from any expected heavy rains.
- Farmers of upper half of the country are advised to complete sowing of Kharif crops in time to utilize fully the present soil moisture especially growers of maize crop in rainfed areas.
- Farmers of cotton belt are advised to be aware of the adverse effects of stagnant water in the fields. Mechanism for drainage of stagnant water from fields should be evolved on priority basis and necessary requirement in this regard should be taken.

Findings of AgMIP Paksitan, University of Agriculture, Faisalabad

- There would be significant increase in temperature i.e., 2.8°C in day and 2.2°C in the night during mid-century (2040-2069)
- There would be significant variability in rainfall patterns (about 25% increase in summer & 12% decrease in winter during 2040-2069)
- Climate Change will affect the crop yields negatively (about 17% for rice and 14% for wheat)
- If there will be no adaptation to Climate Change, majority of farmers would be the economic losers
- With Adaptation to Climate Change (through technology and management), there would be significant decrease in poverty and improvement in the livelihood of farming community.

(Agricultural Model Inter-comparison and Improvement Project (AgMIP) Pakistan 2012-2014)

- 1۔ سال 69-2040 کے دوران درجہ حرارت میں قابل ذکراضافہ ہوسکتا ہے۔ جو کہ دن کے دقت color دار رات کو color تک ہوگا۔
 - 2۔ گرمیوں کی بارش میں 25 فیصد اضافہ اور سردیوں کی بارش میں 12 فیصد تک کمی کا امکان ہے۔
 - 3۔ مندرجہ بالاموسی تغیرات کی وجہ ہےدھان کی پیدادار میں 17 فیصد ادرگذم کی پیدادار میں 14 فیصد تک کمی ہوسکتی ہے۔
 - 4۔ اگرموسی تغیرات کا مناسب بندوبست نہ کیا گیا۔تو کسانوں کی اکثریت کومعاشی نقصان کا سامنا کرنا پڑے گا۔
- 5۔ موسی تغیرات کے سدِّباب (بذریعہ نئی ٹیکنالوجی کا استعال اور بہترنظم ونسق) ہے غربت میں کمی اور کسانوں کی زندگی میں خوشحالی لائی جاسکتی ہے۔

(ايگمپ پاکستان 2012-2014)